Part 2:

- 1. Yesterday's Limestone Layer
- 2. FOB(Fukutoku Okano-Ba) pumice

3. Volcanic ash (Garden soil) observation

Khao Pubpa Limestone Layer

A different type of line store
Turbidite limestone
What is the environment



Normal Limestone vs.







Lagoon Sediments? Turbidite?

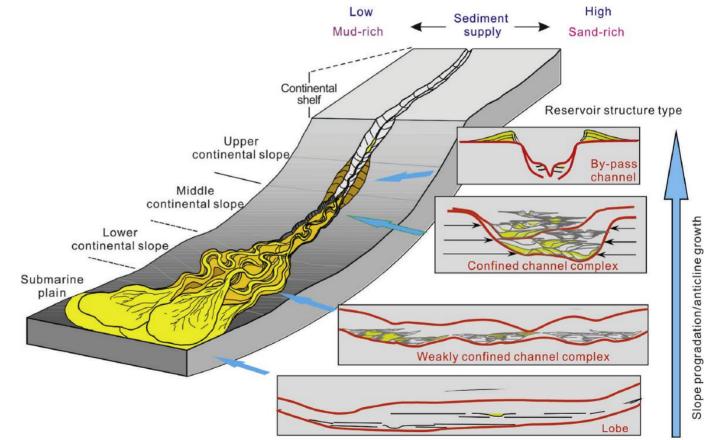


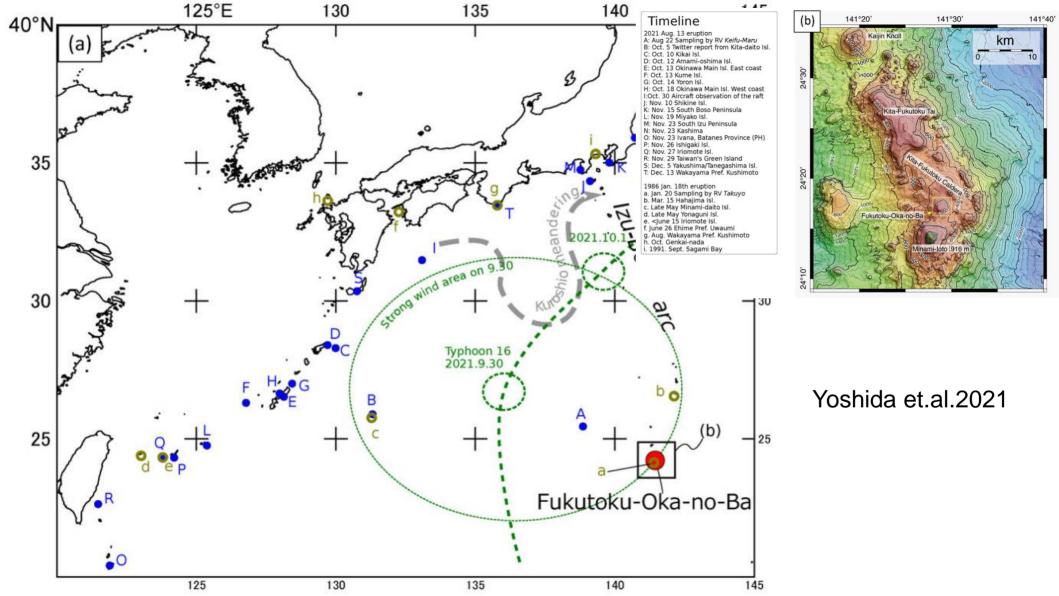
Fig. 9. Sedimentary model of turbidite fan showing that the incised valleys and by-pass channels are developed in the continental slope and the upper slope; the confined channel complexes and weakly confined channel complexes are developed in the middle slope and the lower slope; and the lobes are developed in the submarine plain (according to ENI with slightly modification).

Turb

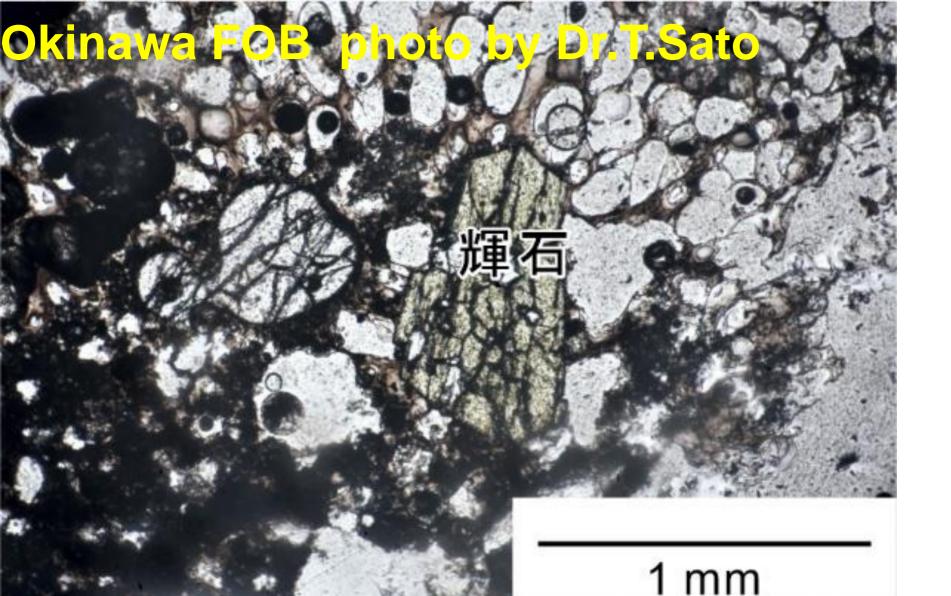
<mark>dega</mark>n

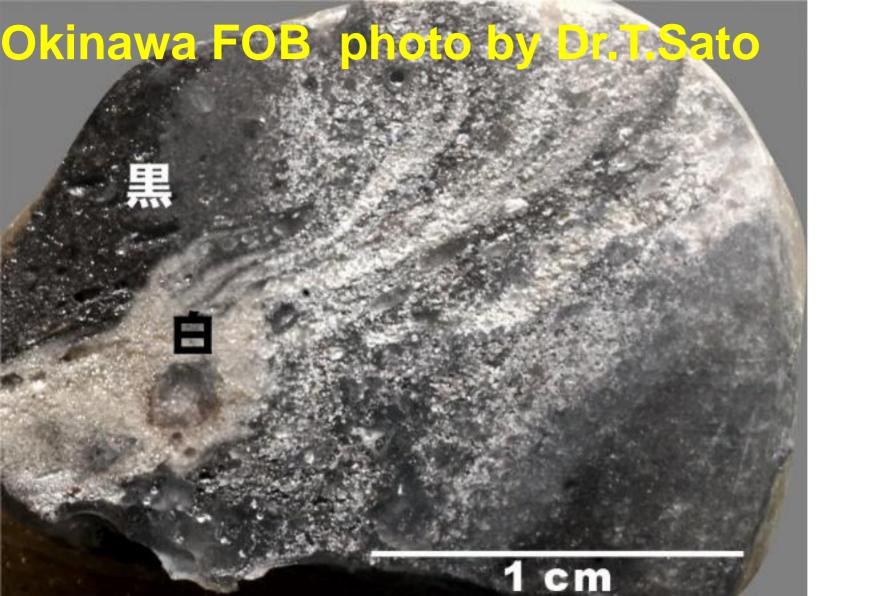
2001: Sandstone 8-Mudstone

pumices travel with ocean currents, En Barrivel at east Asia beaches. Particularly, In Japan, the impact of these pumices is shocking! Many sight-seeing spots are contaminated by dark-colored pumices, especially in Okinawa. Also, the fishing boat can not go out from their harbors.



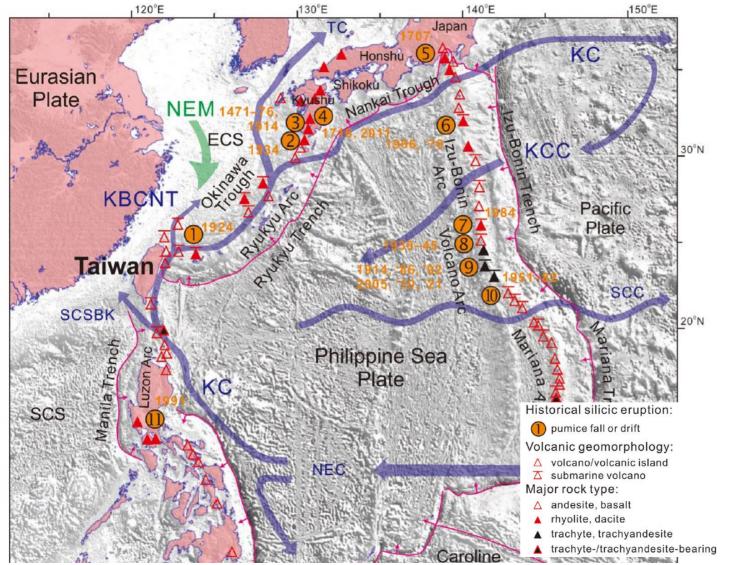






Nakong Si Thammarat FOB by Kung Sensei





Neng-Ti Yu et.al.2022

Surface current, wind, & marginal sea: NEC: North Equatorial Current SCC: Subtropical Counter Current MC: Mindanao Current KC: Kuroshio Current KCC: Kuroshio Counter Current KBCNT: Kuroshio Branch Current northeast of Taiwan SCSBK: South China Sea Branch of Kuroshio TC: Tsushima Current NEM: Northeast Monsoon ESC: East China Sea SCS: South China Sea

Fig. 1. Tectonic plates, active volcanoes, and surface currents in the western Pacific region. Rock types, geomorphologies, and eruptions of the volcanoes are based on Global Volcanism Program (2013) and Geological Survey of Japan (2021). Surface currents are modified from Kawai (1991) and Wang and Oey (2016).



New study about FOB

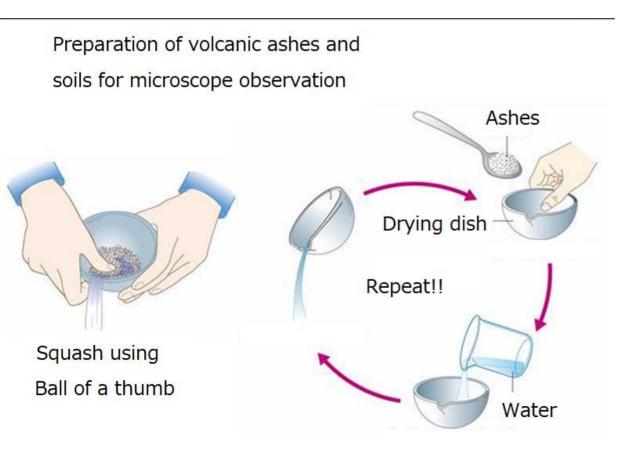
A proposal for PCSHS NST from my friend Dr.Sato: volcanic geologist Chemical or petrological analysis of Thailand FOB was already published K.Yoshida (2022) However, the assessment of the impact, of this pumices drift at Thailand, on people and the environment has not yet been made. So he strongly wants to study this issue with **PCSHS NST teachers!**

Volcanic ash (Garden soil) observation





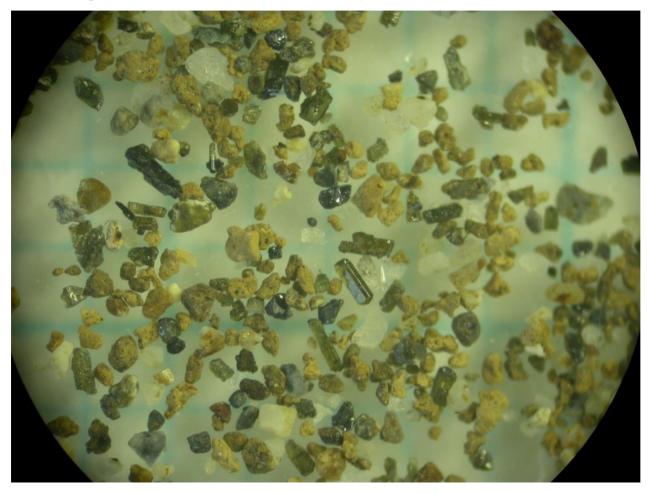
Wash up dirty soils



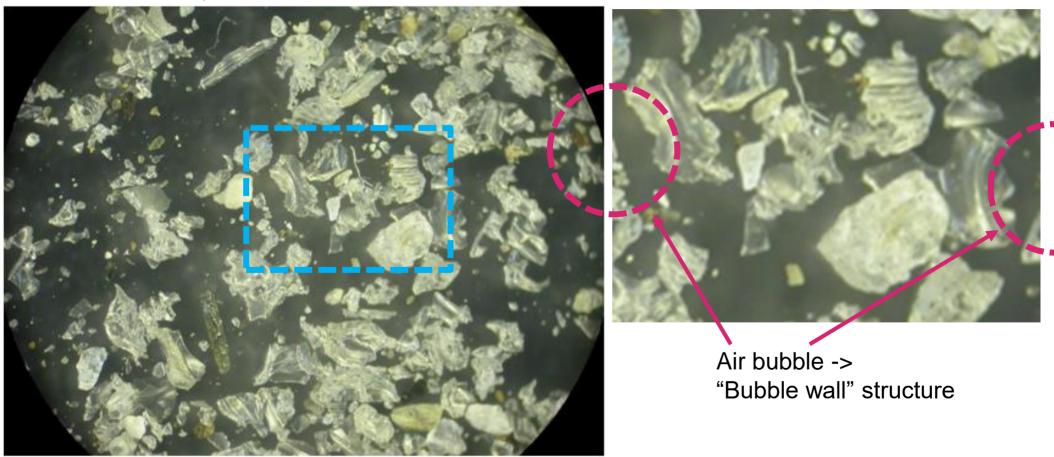


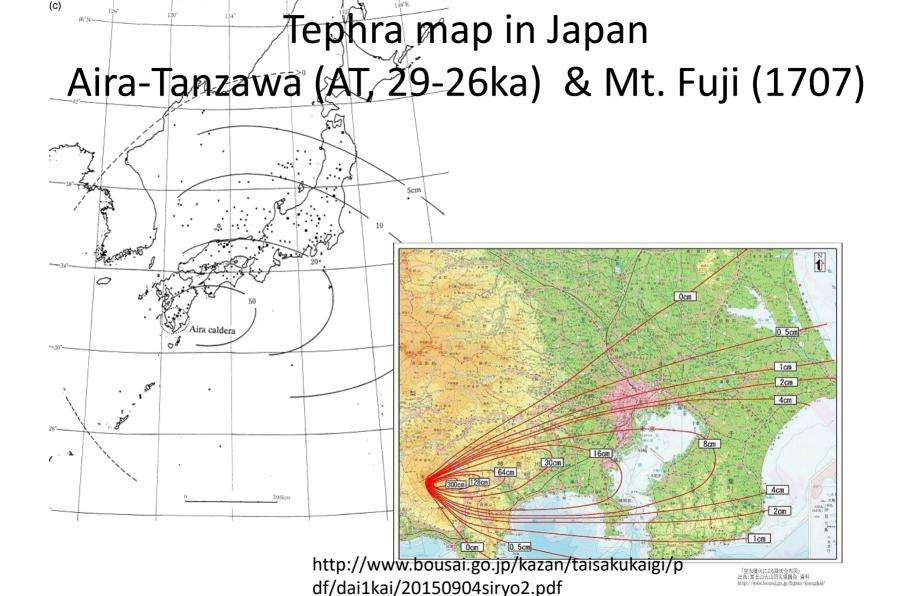
10 min break

<Akatama-tsuchi: Kanto Roam> purchased from DIY shop as a plant soil Hyperion augite, hornblende, magnetite, rock fragments (background blueline: 1mm span, view area 8mm)



<Aura-Tanzawa volcanic ash: AT volcanic ash> in Mt.Aso Kumamoto Pref. Japan (same scale) Bubble walls of volcanic glass are significant. The expansion of this ash covers the large area of western Japan and Honsyu even northern end of Amomori. Important key bed of 2.5Ma. and is called a typical distal tephra.





Akahoya Tuff(7300 ya) in Mt.Aso

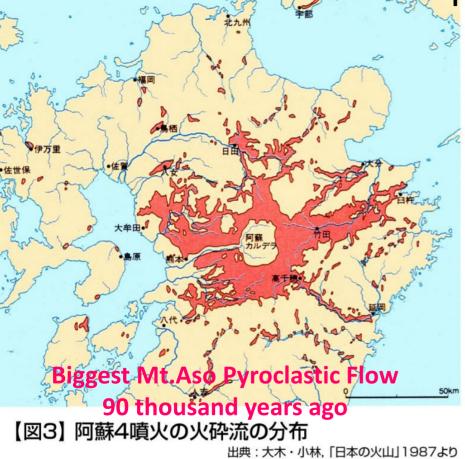


Japan had some huge size volcanic eruptions in the past!

アカホヤ火山灰(約)6400年前)

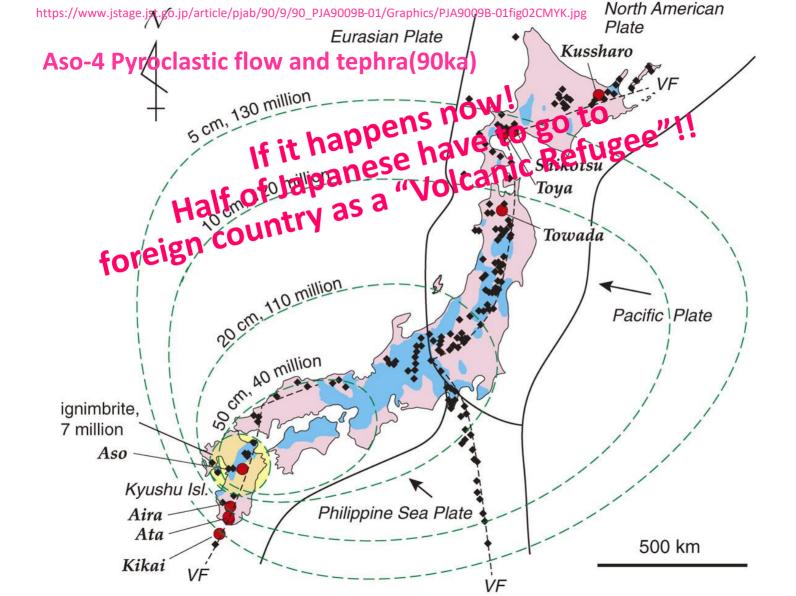
早期後葉(約7500年)

早期前葉(約9500年前)



http://bunarinn.lolipop.jp/bunarinn.lolipop/bunarintokodaisi /kitaminaminojilyounonn/marukihune/5/kaidokikankiyo.ht ml

薩摩火山灰(約11500年前) 上野原遺跡の地層写真 ではアカホヤ火山灰(5 層)と薩摩火山灰(10 層) 縄文時代早期後葉と前葉の2文化層が発見されている。 薩摩火山灰(10層)以下の生活は確認されていない。



Most of huge volcano eruptions happened in USA!! In the past.

Mount St Helens, USA 1980 0.1 mi³ (0.4 km³)

Mount Pinatubo, Phillipines 1991 1.2 mi³ (4.8 km³)

Mount Krakatau Indonesia 1883 2.4 mi³ (10 km³)

Mount Tambora, Indonesia 1815 12 mi³ (50 km³)

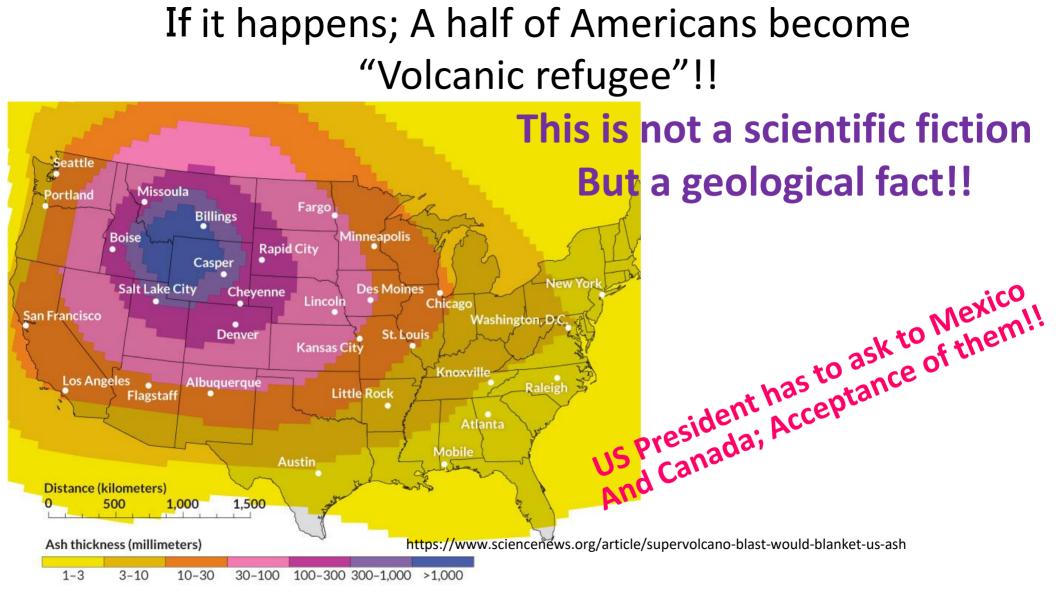
Long Valley, USA 145 mi³ (580 km³) 0.76 million years ago

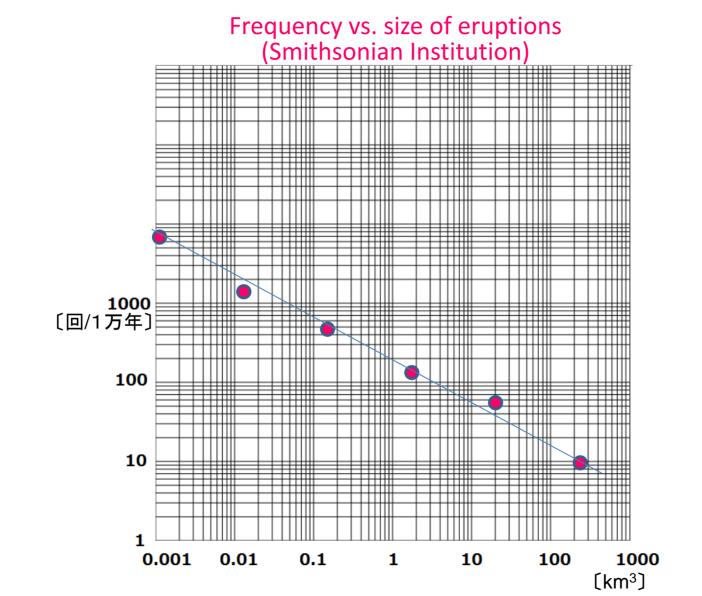
Yellowstone, USA 240 mi³ (1,000 km³) 0.64 million years ago

Yellowstone, USA

585 mi³ (2,450 km³)

@The COMET Prearem / USGS





I suppose in your country some volcanic ash layers are found!

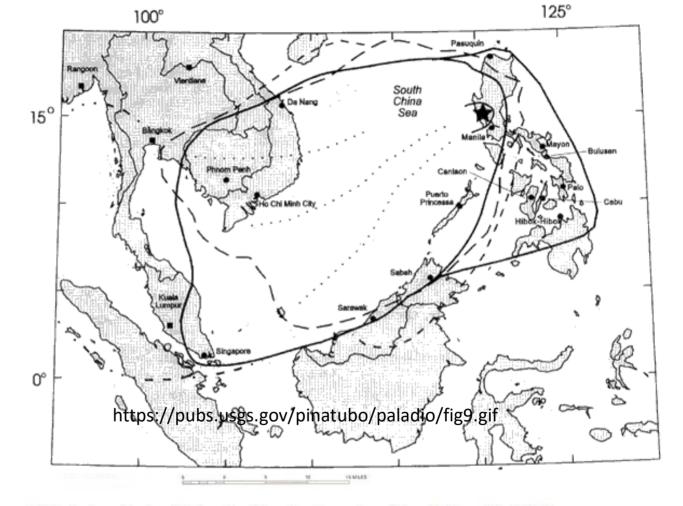


Figure 7. Distribution of tephra-fall deposits of the climatic eruption of June 15 (phase VI of Wolfe and Hoblitt, this volume), layer C, and locations of sections (triangles) sampled for grain-size and component data. KAK is location of section sketched in figure 1. Isopachs are in centimeters; sources of data as in figure 3, but open circles show total thickness of section (in centimeters), which may also include layers A and (or) B. Umbal&Rodolfo,1996)